Using Irregular Verbs in Past Participle Form

1. For many verbs, the past participle form does not end in –ed.
2. The participle tense form of these verbs is irregular.

- Use the correct form of the helping verb “to be” and the past participle after the subject.

[subject] + [form of “to be”] + [past participle]

Directions: Choose the correct form of the helping verb “to be”. Then write the correct form of the verb in irregular past participle form.

Example: The water (am/are/is) __________ (to freeze).
       The water (am/are/is) ___frozen___ (to freeze).

1) Her arm (am/are/is) __________ (to break).
2) The old man (am/are/is) __________ (to drink).
3) Our house key (am/are/is) __________ (to hide) in the bushes.
4) The employees (am/are/is) __________ (to do) with work today.
5) The snake bite (am/are/is) __________ (to swell).
6) The eighth page of my book (am/are/is) __________ (to tear).
7) A picture (was/were) __________ (to draw) on the chalkboard.
8) My bicycle (was/were) __________ (to steal) yesterday.
9) The milk (am/are/is) all __________ (to go).
10) All my children (am/are/is) full __________ (to grow).
11) The secret will be __________ (to know) by tomorrow morning.
12) Once I get back from the hike, my boots will be well __________ (to wear).

Directions: Now make your own sentences using irregular verbs in the past participle form.

1) ____________________________

2) ____________________________