

● Word Pair Analogies Answer Key (*low-advanced level)(SAT)*

Worksheet 1

1) A

A characteristic of a **bigot** is to be **prejudiced**.

2) B

The function of a **lampoon** is to **mock**.

3) C

A characteristic of a **maze** is to be **labyrinthine**.

4) D

Credible is the opposite of **dubious**.

5) A

Something that is **preeminent** is very **important**.

6) B

Treason is an offense against a **state**.

7) C

Someone who is **haughty** lacks **humility**.

8) D

Resignation is the opposite of **denial**.

9) A

A **nod** is an expression of **acquiescence**.

10) C

A **diatribe** is a type of **speech**.

A **laceration** is a type of **injury**.

Worksheet 2

1) D

Someone who is **longwinded** lacks **brevity**.

2) C

Agoraphobia is the fear of **crowds**.

3) B

A characteristic of a **braggart** is to be **boastful**.

4) A

To **revere** is the opposite of to **denigrate**.

5) B

A **page** is part of a **tome**.

6) A

A **decathlon** is a type of **competition**.

7) C

An **archaeologist** makes sense of **hieroglyphics**.

8) C

To **laud** means to **praise**.

9) D

The purpose of a **decoy** is to **deceive**.

The purpose of a **bulwark** is to **protect**.

10) A

Larceny is a type of **crime**.

Bureaucracy is a type of **administration**.

Worksheet 3

1) B	A philanthropist supports a charity .
2) D	The function of a lobbyist is to persuade .
3) C	Something that is sacrosanct is very sacred .
4) B	Impartiality is the opposite of bias .
5) A	A characteristic of a prince is to be opulent .
6) D	By definition, something that is trivial is negligible .
7) B	A pictograph is a type of symbol .
8) C	The function of a precept is to provide guidance . The function of an alibi is to provide defense .
9) C	A trinket lacks value . A fool lacks sagacity .
10) C	A characteristic of a euphemism is to be polite . A characteristic of an expletive is to be vulgar .

Worksheet 4

1) A	A lummox lacks grace .
2) C	The function of a deterrent is to dissuade .
3) A	A putsch drives out government .
4) D	A characteristic of a palace is to be ornate .
5) C	Destitute is the opposite of affluent .
6) C	Something that is bloodthirsty is very violent .
7) C	A caucus is a type of meeting . A paleontologist is a type of scientist .
8) D	Someone who is indigent is poor . Someone who is sanctimonious is hypocritical .
9) B	Something that is impromptu lacks rehearsal . Something that is perpetual lacks cessation .
10) B	A maelstrom is a type of storm . An analgesic is a type of painkiller .

Worksheet 5

1) B	A characteristic of a virtuoso is to be skilled .	6) D	A characteristic of clay is to be malleable . A characteristic of chicanery is to be dishonest .
2) B	A mallet is used to strike .	7) D	Pristine is the opposite of damaged . Paramount is the opposite of unimportant .
3) C	Someone who is pretentious lacks modesty .	8) A	A fetter is a type of restraint . A dichotomy is a type of division .
4) A	Someone who is fanatical is very enthusiastic .	9) A	A map is part of an atlas . An appendage is part of a body .
5) D	Exoneration leads to a prisoner's release . Conviction leads to a prisoner's sentencing .	10) D	Someone who is diffident lacks confidence . Someone who is deceitful lacks honesty .

Worksheet 6

1) B	The function of a patron is to support .	6) B	A characteristic of a miser is to be parsimonious . A characteristic of a misanthrope is to be antagonistic .
2) D	A characteristic of a parody is to be amusing .	7) A	Prosaic is the opposite of exciting . Clandestine is the opposite of overt .
3) D	A smorgasbord is a type of buffet .	8) A	Someone who is infallible lacks error . Someone who is inebriated lacks sobriety .
4) B	A harem is a collection of concubines .	9) A	Someone who is vacuous lacks intelligence . Someone who is vapid lacks liveliness .
5) A	A bow is part of a ship . A word is part of a lexicon .	10) B	A characteristic of a partisan is to be biased . A characteristic of a spinster is to be unmarried .

Worksheet 7

1) C	A <u>stanza</u> is part of a <u>poem</u> .
2) A	Someone who is <u>ascetic</u> is used to <u>frugal</u> .
3) B	A characteristic of a <u>slur</u> is to be <u>pejorative</u> .
4) C	A <u>hamlet</u> is a type of <u>village</u> . A <u>simile</u> is a type of <u>comparison</u> .
5) D	<u>Frivolous</u> is the opposite of <u>grave</u> . <u>Frugal</u> is the opposite of <u>extravagant</u> .
6) C	Someone who is <u>perceptive</u> tends to <u>notice</u> . Someone who is <u>versatile</u> tends to <u>adapt</u> .
7) D	Someone who is <u>sophomoric</u> lacks <u>maturity</u> . Someone who is <u>venal</u> lacks <u>integrity</u> .
8) A	The opposite of to <u>disparage</u> is to <u>encourage</u> . The opposite of to <u>venerate</u> is to <u>desecrate</u> .
9) A	A <u>smorgasbord</u> is made up of <u>foods</u> . An <u>anthology</u> is made up of <u>passages</u> .
10) B	A <u>capillary</u> is a type of <u>vessel</u> . A <u>tabernacle</u> is a type of <u>sanctuary</u> .

Worksheet 8

1) B	The function of a <u>quarantine</u> is to <u>isolate</u> .
2) A	The opposite of a <u>modicum</u> is an <u>abundance</u> .
3) D	A <u>parishioner</u> is part of a <u>church</u> . A <u>constituent</u> is part of a <u>district</u> .
4) C	A characteristic of an <u>insurgent</u> is to be <u>rebellious</u> . A characteristic of a <u>stereotype</u> is to be <u>oversimplified</u> .
5) A	An <u>epidermis</u> is part of a <u>skin</u> . A <u>hypotenuse</u> is part of a <u>triangle</u> .
6) B	A <u>quandary</u> is characterized by <u>uncertainty</u> . A <u>crime</u> is characterized by <u>wrongdoing</u> .
7) D	<u>Colloquial</u> is the opposite of <u>formal</u> . <u>Intermittent</u> is the opposite of <u>continuous</u> .
8) A	The function of a <u>spy</u> is to carry out <u>espionage</u> . The function of a <u>manufacturer</u> is to carry out <u>production</u> .
9) C	An <u>insomniac</u> lacks <u>sleep</u> . A <u>stoic</u> lacks <u>emotion</u> .
10) B	Someone who is <u>volatile</u> is very <u>unstable</u> . Someone who is <u>persnickety</u> is very <u>picky</u> .

Worksheet 9

1) D

By definition, something that is irksome is annoying.

2) B

A rebuttal is used to refute.
A message is used to inform.

3) A

The opposite of mutinous is compliant.
The opposite of nebulous is distinct.

4) C

A characteristic of a rant is to be bombastic.
A characteristic of a conflagration is to be disastrous.

5) C

A castle is a type of edifice.
A subpoena is a type of summons.

6) A

Someone who is voluminous is very large.
Someone who is ravenous is very hungry.

7) D

Negligence is synonymous with carelessness.
Admiration is synonymous with reverence.

8) C

A shepherd is a type of dog.
An albatross is a type of bird.

9) B

Someone who is irrational lacks reason.
Someone who is irreproachable lacks flaws.

10) B

A senator is part of a legislature.
A battleship is part of an armada.

Worksheet 10

1) A

A characteristic of an extrovert is to be gregarious.
A characteristic of a jingoist is to be nationalistic.

2) B

Something that is suspect lacks credibility.
Something that is suspect lacks credibility.

3) D

A platform is made up of policies.
A medley is made up of songs.

4) A

Someone who is aimless lacks direction.
Someone who is wary lacks trust.

5) B

A marathon tests one's endurance.
An examination tests one's knowledge.

6) C

Someone who is emaciated is very thin.
Someone who is meticulous is very careful.

7) A

Infamy is a type of reputation.
Compassion is a type of virtue.

8) A

Jurisprudence is the study of law.
Linguistics is the study of language.

9) C

Someone who is apathetic lacks zeal.
Someone who is unapologetic lacks remorse.

10) B

The opposite of avarice is generosity.
The opposite of jeopardy is security.